(LII YEAR.) THE (No. 2512.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1795.

VIENNA, *December* 5.

THE public here, notwithſtanding the more preſſing conſideration of the war with France, is a good deal occupied with the new order of affairs likely to take place in Poland. The empreſs with all the ambition that characteriſes her, does not ſeem diſpoſed to let the king of Pruſſia profit much by the ſucceſs which has diſtinguiſhed the brilliant career of Ruſſians. Her general Suwarrow, has not received inſtructions from his court; but it is generally underſtood, that the empreſs means to erect Poland into an independent and hereditary kingdom, the throne of which is firſt to be aſcended by the archduke Conſtantine. To give greater ſplendour to the monarchy, ſhe means to reſtore all the provinces taken from Poland, except ſuch as border on her grand adverſary, the empire of the Ottomans. The king of Pruſſia with all his influence, oppoſes this arrangement, leſt he ſhould be obliged to ſimilar reſtitution; but in his ſituation, where reſiſtance would be ineffectual, ſubmiſſion muſt be the alternative.

The politics of the houſe of Auſtria ſeemingly induce to acquieſce in the deſigns of Ruſſia. Marſhal Harncurt, who commands the Imperial army, is every day receiving reinforcements from the garriſons of the places taken by the French. He has withdrawn entirely from the province of Cracow, and has eſtabliſhed himſelf in the palatinate of Sendomir. He has alſo been joined by 13 battalions of infantry, and a large body of cavalry, which was ſtationed for ſome time in Bohemia.

The laſt diſpatches brought by couriers from Italy and the Rhine, are deemed ſo inauſpicious as to put the court in very bad humour; the conſequence of which has been, that all the preparations making for celebrating the feſtival of St. Andrew, have been ſuſpended, as alſo the intended promotions in the military orders. The French having greatly augmented the force which they had in Nice, and their generals ſpeak of eſtabliſhing their winter quarters in Lombardy. The archduke Ferdinand is making preparations to oppoſe them; but he has not any force which could be thought adequate to the object. Our troops have already loſt the important poſts of Pomparatu and Rabulenta. A great alarm is likewiſe ſpread by the French navy, as the ſquadron which was blocked in the gulph of Juan has joined that from Toulon, the Engliſh fleet continues in the ports of Corſica.

LONDON, *January* 1.

Extract of a letter, dated Holland, December 25, brought over by the mail, yeſterday.

"The Dutch have certainly been endeavouring to negotiate a ſeparate peace with the French, for which purpoſe they ſent a perſon to Paris, who, however, was not ſucceſsful till very lately. On the morning of the 17th, the prince ſtadtholder received a courier, informing that the convention were diſpoſed to enter into a negotiation of peace with this country, and that two deputies ſhould be immediately ſent to Paris for that purpoſe. The ſtadtholder directly laid the buſineſs before the States General, who appointed M. Brantzen, formerly ambaſſador at Paris, and M. Repelaar, burgomaſter of Dordt, who were to ſet off for Bois-le-Duc, where two French commiſſioners are arrived, with whom, no doubt, the buſineſs will be partly entered into."

The French have ſignified to the Dutch, that they are willing to treat for peace with all the powers at war, on the baſis of the *ſtatu quo* previous to the war. Our court has conſented to the Dutch making a ſeparate treaty.

BOSTON, *February* 11.

A gentleman from Martinico, which place he left about the 12th of January, informs, that 1800 Britiſh troops had arrived there from Gibraltar, and that he ſaw them landed.

From Liſbon, January 3.

To any port in the Mediterranean, there is not the ſmalleſt danger of the Algerines or Moors."

From Aux-Cayes, January 6.

General Rigaud has returned from Cape Tiberon, which place he has lately taken from the Engliſh, and put the garriſon to the ſword.

Feb. 14. Another telegraphe has been made in Mancheſter, in England. It is the united efforts of two gentlemen, who have conſtructed it upon ſo ſimple a plan, that by a few leſſons a child of ſeven years of age can read by it. It is compoſed of three characters, yet these are ſo diſpoſed that they form eight, and with addition of two more for figures, and one for a [illegible] and ſome other purpoſes, the machine may be ſaid to conſiſt of eleven characters. The firſt eight are [illegible] by a ſimple piece of machaniſm into upwards of [illegible] directions as quick as is poſſible to be conceived, and expreſs letters, words, and even fixed ſentences, much faſter than any penman can write them.

Oppoſition in the Britiſh parliament, which, a year ago, dwindled down to between 40 and 50, has now riſen to between 70 and 80. Until they ride paramount, no peace can be made.

The Portugueſe admiral ſtationed at Gibraltar, lately ſent a convoy to protect the American veſſels at Malaga, which meaſure was highly approved of by his court.

Feb. 16. By the laſt intelligence from Holland, it appears, that the Dutch find but ſlender attention paid to their pacific advances; for, although the commandants at Breda and Bergen-op-Zoom, by orders from their high mightineſſes, have directed the regiments there to act only on the defenſive, on the part of the French, no ſuch orders are known to have been given.

We are happy to find many religious ſocieties are determined to appropriate the collections on the federal thankſgiving to the ranſom or relief of the unhappy American ſufferers in Algiers. Among thoſe are the ſocieties of Salem, Marblehead and Concord.

It is ſuppoſed on a moderate calculation, that the appropriation of all the contributions at the ſeveral churches throughout the United States, to the ranſom of the priſoners in Algiers, it would be found fully equivalent to the purpoſe.

It ſeems certain that the French have withdrawn a great part of their northern army from the frontiers of Holland towards Antwerp, which place is the head quarters of general Pichegru. Latterly it has been found very difficult to forward proviſions to the French army in Holland.

Extract of a letter from Conſtantinople, November 12.

"The late diſmemberment of Poland is much urged here, by the French party, as an argument for a war with Ruſſia; and they inſiſt upon it, that the preſent is the moſt fit time for the Porte to repair the loſſes it ſuſtained in the late war with that power.

"The inhabitants of Montemne, a warlike people, near the Venetian territory, having long borne the Ottoman yoke with great reluctance, having lately revolted, refuſing to pay the ordinary tribute; but being reduced by the governor of Siliſtria, they have implored the mercy of the grand Signior, and partly obtained it, notwithſtanding their ſubmiſſion was diſcretional."

A HORRID MURDER!

On Wedneſday laſt, between the hours of twelve and one in the morning, a moſt horrid murder was committed on the body of captain Charles Furbuſh, of Andover, by a negro man of his own family, named Pomp. The family of the deceaſed, conſiſted of his wife, a ſon, three daughters and the negro before mentioned.

The ſon, and two of the daughters were from home. The deceaſed and his wife, ſlept as uſual, in the room of the lower floor, and the daughter in a bed room adjacent. The negro had retired to his chamber without any ſigns of uneaſineſs known to the family.—But between twelve and one he got up, dreſſed himſelf, and firſt alarmed the daughter, by an attempt to get into her room; but finding the door faſtened, deſiſted from the attempt.—He immediately entered the room of the deceaſed, while both he and his wife were in a ſound ſleep, and ſtruck him with the head of an axe upon his left temple with ſuch force, as to daſh in the ſcull, and with a ſecond blow, partly upon the left eye and partly upon the cheek, drove in the bones, he expired immediately without a groan. The blows awoke Mrs. Furbuſh, who inſtantly ſpringing up, the negro left the room. The daughter alſo hearing the blows and the ſcreech of her mother, inſtantly ran in, and with her mother attempted to raiſe up the body of the deceaſed, but finding no appearance of life, made their eſcape by a back way, to the neareſt neighbour, to call aſſiſtance. In the mean time, this moſt wicked negro to complete the horrid ſcene, returned, took of his coat, turned up his ſhirt ſleeves, and with a knife inhumanly cut his maſter's throat. He then dragged the body from the bed, and left it naked on the floor.—By this time, aſſiſtance came, and found the negro ſtanding by the kitchen fire.—Being aſked what he had been doing, he readily confeſſed the fact, and delivered himſelf up.—

Thus died captain Charles Furbuſh, in the 59th year of his age; who has left an afflicted family and friends to lament his untimely fate.

From a London paper, of December 1.

It was yeſterday for certain ends aſſerted, "that Mr. Jay was going to Paris upon buſineſs of very great importance to this kingdom, and to all Europe." We can pretty confidently aſſert, that Mr. Jay will not leave this kingdom till the ratification of the treaty which has been lately ſigned, ſhall be returned to this country from America, and which cannot be expected before the month of March next, Mr. Jay, we have reaſon to believe will, in the mean time, viſit Bath.

FRENCH CONSTITUTION of 1791.

Private letters from Paris of the 9th inſt. ſtate, "That the French conſtitution of 1791, has been lately re-printed in that metropolis, and has met with a very extenſive ſale; that the dutcheſs of Orleans has been ſet at liberty, and occupies the hotel de Toulouſe (a palace which ſhe inherited from her father, the late duke de Penthievre, ſon of the count de Toulouſe) and that the chief motive which actuated the convention to grant a general amneſty to the inſurgents of La Vendee, was, that they had lately received intelligence, that negotiations were carrying on between the Britiſh government and thoſe inſurgents, having for their object a deſcent to be made by the Engliſh, for the ſupport of the French royaliſts."

NEW-YORK, *February* 21.

The report from Liſbon reſpecting the capture of Barcelona, may be true, though it is more probable premature. Figuera was taken about November 20. Koſes, a fortified town, 16 miles from Figuera, was next to be attacked. The French army had then to march 64 miles to Barcelona, which muſt require ſome time to be reduced. It is poſſible, however, that the loſs of the Spaniards at Figuera might have occaſioned a precipitate retreat and evacuation of the fortified places.

Barcelona is the capital of Catalonia, one of the fineſt provinces of Spain. The city contains about 90,000 inhabitants, and for its manufactures and commerce, is one of the principal cities of Spain.

Feb. 23. On Saturday the 10th ultimo, the following melancholy and ſurpriſing accident took place: The houſe of Mr. Roger Smith, of Grafton, in the lower part of Vermont, was unfortunately ſet on fire by three ſmall children, the oldeſt being only nine years of age, while the parents were both from home, by means of carrying a candle into the chamber, where there was a large quantity of undreſſed flax, laid up for drying, which was inſtantly abſorbed with flames, and conſumed with all its contents, together with the three children, who were found claſped together in one corner of the chamber; and after aſſiſtance was obtained, by means of throwing on ſnow, their bodies were conſiderably preſerved from the fire, and on Tueſday following were decently interred.

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 20.

Extract of a letter from Pittſburgh, dated January 18.

"Our country is very quiet—the people ſeem perfectly convinced of their paſt folly, and on Thurſday laſt a meeting of ſome of the principal inſurgents took place at Parkinſon's ferry, in order to raiſe, by ſubſcription, a ſum of money to indemnify the ſufferers by the late inſurrection.—A committee of five perſons was appointed to repair to this place to wait on general Neville, and the other ſufferers, to aſcertain the amount of their loſſes—they are expected this day. Marſhal has ſubſcribed 100 pounds, John Cannon the ſame ſum, and Parkinſon (who has returned) has alſo ſubſcribed very largely."

February 25.

Extract of a letter from German Creek, January 29.

"We had a treaty with the Cherokees the 18th of December, and the 8th inſtant they fell upon a party of men from our ſettlement, and killed one, and wounded two, without any loſs on their ſide, this is the way that faithleſs and bloody tribe keep their treaties with us, we have ſome expectation that the Choctaws, Chickaſaws and Upper Cherokees, will go to war againſt the Creeks, as a party of the Chickaſaws has already been out to war againſt them and has brought in five Creek ſcalps which I am in hopes will be ſome eaſe to our frontiers, if congreſs will only give us the liberty of raiſing one hundred men for ſix months, to join the tribes that intend going to war againſt the Creeks, I make not the leaſt doubt but we can oblige them to make a permament treaty with the United States, for one half the expence that the treaty of New-York coſt. If congreſs ſhould not think it worth while to fall upon ſome other method for the protection of our frontiers than has been heretofore, I think that the inhabitants of this country will fall upon ſome plan for their own ſafety.

"The party of men above mentioned, that the ſavages fell upon, were out a hunting meat for the ſupport of their families."

WINCHESTER, *February* 9.

A gentleman from Knoxville, on his way to Philadelphia, arrived here on Saturday laſt, and obligingly furniſhed us with the Knoxville Gazette of the 23d ult. from which the following articles are extracted.

KNOXVILLE, Jan. 23.

An expreſs arrived here on Monday night laſt from Naſhville, with diſpatches from general Robertſon to governor Blount, by whom we are informed, that William Colbert, a diſtinguiſhed chief of the Chickaſaws, who has a commiſſion from the preſident of the United States, giving him the rank of major, with upwards of twenty warriors, arrived at Naſhville with five Creek ſcalps, on the 4th inſt. taken on Duck river

on the morning of the 2d. The party of Creeks conſiſted of only the five who were killed. They had with them a war club, halters, bridles, and ſpurs, evidences of a determination for war and horſe ſtealing. The leader of this party of Creeks and his brother, were known to major Colbert and others of his party, to have been for years engaged in murdering and ſtealing upon the Mero diſtrict. Colbert bears the rank of general in his own nation, and is as bold and impetuous a Sans Culotte, as even France can produce.

The expreſs alſo informs, that on the 5th inſtant, Elijah Walker, one of the mounted infantry on duty for the defence of Mero diſtrict, acting as a ſpy on the frontiers, was killed by the Indians, twelve miles to the ſouthward of Naſhville.

On the 5th inſt. John Tye, jun. was killed, and John Tye, ſen. John Burlingſon, Sherard Mays, and Thomas Mays, wounded by the Indians, on the frontiers of Hawkins county.

It was omitted in our laſt to report the killing of a Creek Indian, by a party of Cherokees—the particulars reſpecting which are, that one of the warriors who accompanied Doublehead laſt ſummer to Philadelphia, to viſit the preſident, called Chuccunnuſtatia, or the Stallion, with nine others, about the 20th ult. fell in with a party of Creeks, approaching the frontiers of Georgia, with hoſtile intentions (as Chuccunuſtatia and his party ſuppoſed,) and killed one of them; and on the firſt inſt. appeared with his ſcalp at Tellico-block houſe, where the ſcalp dance was that night held, by ſeveral principal chiefs and warriors of the Cherokees, in preſence of many of the frontier and other citizens of the United States.

ANNAPOLIS, March 5.

Joſeph Haberſham, Eſq; of the ſtate of Georgia, is appointed poſtmaſter-general of the United States.

Jonathan Jackſon, Eſq; of Maſſachuſetts, is appointed comptroller of the treaſury of the United States; and Tench Francis, Eſq; of Pennſylvania, is appointed purveyor of public ſupplies.

Third Congreſs of the United States.

At the ſecond ſeſſion, begun and held at the city of Philadelphia, in the ſtate of Pennſylvania, on Monday the third day of November, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-four.

An act to authoriſe the allowance of drawback on part of the cargo of the ſhip Enterpriſe.

BE it enacted by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States of America in Congreſs aſſembled, That the collector of the diſtrict of Pennſylvania be, and he hereby is authoriſed and directed to grant permits for the exportation of that part of the cargo of the ſhip Enterpriſe, Herbert Jones, commander, which has been imported in the ſaid ſhip, and in the ſchooner Delight, John Cannon, commander, from Newbern, in North-Carolina, under the ſame regulations and reſtrictions, as if the ſame had been imported into the diſtrict of Pennſylvania, from any foreign port or place.

And be it further enacted, That the collector of the diſtrict of Newbern be authoriſed to grant a debenture or debentures for the drawback of the ſaid duties, in like manner, and under the ſame regulations, as are provided by the act, entitled, "An act making further proviſion in caſes of drawbacks," for goods, wares, and merchandiſe exported from the United States, after the laſt of March next.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS MUHLENBERG, Speaker of the houſe of repreſentatives.

JOHN ADAMS, Vice-preſident of the United States, and preſident of the ſenate.

Approved, February the thirteenth, 1795.

GEO. WASHINGTON, Preſident of the United States.

Depoſited among the rolls in the office of the ſecretary of ſtate.

EDM. RANDOLPH, Secretary of ſtate.

An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act making alterations in the treaſury and war departments.

BE it enacted by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States of America in Congreſs aſſembled, That in caſe of vacancy in the office of ſecretary of ſtate, ſecretary of the treaſury, or of the ſecretary of the department of war, or of any officer of either of the ſaid departments, whoſe appointment is not in the head thereof, whereby they cannot perform the duties of their ſaid reſpective offices; it ſhall be lawful for the preſident of the United States, in caſe he ſhall think it neceſſary, to authoriſe any perſon or perſons, at his diſcretion, to perform the duties of the ſaid reſpective offices, until a ſucceſſor be appointed, or ſuch vacancy be filled: Provided, That no one vacancy ſhall be ſupplied, in manner aforeſaid, for a longer term than ſix months.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS MUHLENBERG, Speaker of the houſe of repreſentatives.

JOHN ADAMS, Vice-preſident of the United States and preſident of the ſenate.

Approved, February the thirteenth, 1795.

GEO. WASHINGTON, Preſident of the United States.

Depoſited among the rolls in the office of the ſecretary of ſtate.

EDM. RANDOLPH, Secretary of ſtate.

MESSIEURS PRINTERS,

By publiſhing the underwritten in your next paper, you will confer an obligation on your obedient ſervant,

A BARRISTER.

THERE is no character in public life ſo truly venerable and god-like, as that of a *patriot*, the accumulated praiſes due to the able and diſintereſted *ſtateſman*, the honeſt *repreſentative*, the generous *friend*, the diſcreet *guide* and *faithful* guardian, are his in the moſt eminent degree, with this peculiar addition that the *guide* and the *guardian*, are happily concentered in an upright individual, bleſſed with the inclination, means, and opportunity of ſerving the *commonwealth of mankind*. But a *patriotic lawyer* is even ſtill more worthy our attention; his *noble zeal in aſſerting*, his *conſtant courage* and *firm reſolution in vindicating*, *his glorious intrepidity in preſerving the rights and liberties of the people, the laws and conſtitution of his country, deſervedly claim our warmeſt and moſt ſincere acknowledgements.*

For the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

The MEDDLER, No. III.

Fate never wounds more deep the gen'rous heart,
Than when a blockhead's inſult points the dart.

DR. JOHNSON.

RETURNING home a few nights ago, I obſerved a company of young men ſticking up a paper. Not being able to reſiſt my inquiſitive diſpoſition, and ſuſpecting that it was done with no good intent, I tore it down, and having afterwards examined its contents, I found it to be a lampoon on an innocent young lady, who, for no reaſon except the want of beauty, had been thus wantonly attacked. The performance itſelf was ſuch a complication of ſcurrility and nonſenſe, as proved that the author poſſeſſed neither ſenſibility nor genius.

This execrable manner of expoſing private characters has ſprung up in Annapolis, to ſuch a degree, that I have obſerved no leſs than five of theſe deteſtable performances within the period of three weeks. Moſt of theſe bear about them indiſputable marks of their being the offspring of malice and ſtupidity, written merely to wound the feelings of thoſe whom they attack. Than this manner of proceeding, nothing can be more ungenerous; to take a delight in expoſing the weakneſs of others, betrays a diſpoſition capable of the loweſt degree of baſeneſs, and callous to all finer feelings. The ſatisfaction which is received from the miſery of a fellow creature, may be truly ſtyled diabolical; what indeed can approach nearer to the nature of a dæmon, than thus wounding any one's feelings for the gratification of a malignant joy? Men are by nature formed for ſociety, and ſtand in need of mutual aſſiſtance; to make this connexion the firmer, inſtead of barbarouſly expoſing every fault, and affixing the worſt conſtruction to it, we ſhould rather endeavour to conceal it, and always let our judgment incline to the favourable ſide. The contrary method to this is purſued by the libeller; every fault is by him magnified, every fact exaggerated, and even virtues held up as objects of ridicule. This conduct is cruel,——is baſe,——is cowardly. The dark aſſaſſin, ſecure in his concealment, directs his envenomed ſhafts againſt the peace of families, deſtroys domeſtic tranquillity, and fixes indelible blemiſhes on the reputation of the innocent; while, perhaps, he publicly aſſumes the ſpecious title of a friend! Such a character may be conſidered as a robber, or even a murderer; for though he does not deprive me of my money, or form a deſign againſt my life, yet

> Who ſteals my purſe, ſteals traſh; 'tis ſomething——nothing——
> 'Twas mine——'tis his——it has been ſlave to thouſands:
> But he who filches from me my good name,
> Robs me of that, which makes not him the richer,
> And leaves me poor indeed. SHAKESPEAR.

Lampoons have ſometimes forced men to ſuicide; Archilochus, by the ſeverity of his iambics, cauſed Lycambes to hang himſelf.

Men of real genius have ſometimes indulged their talent for this kind of compoſition, and contributed to ſharpen the weapon which was before too fatal. When the point is tempered by wit, the wounds which it inflicts are often incurable. But let thoſe who are by nature gifted with ſuperior endowments, conſider, that no honour can be acquired from a work whoſe ſole merit is ſcurrility; and that whatever wit it may contain, it cannot compenſate for its injuſtice.

Theſe productions are of ſuch a nature, that they will ſeldom admit of an anſwer: The only method of defeating them is, where we know the author, to treat him with that generoſity to which he is not entitled, and by gentle reproofs to ſhame him for his conduct. When Sir William Brown took a part in the conteſt with the licentiates in 1768, he was for this reaſon introduced by Mr. Foote in his Devil upon Two Sticks. Upon Foote's exact repreſentation of him with his identical wig and coat, tall figure, and glaſs ſtiffly applied to his eye, he ſent him a card complimenting him on having ſo happily repreſented him; but as he had forgot his muff, he had ſent him his own. The ſatiriſt was abaſhed, and diſarmed by this good-natured method of reſenting.

There is alſo an inferior ſpecies of perſonal ſatire, which is more confined in its operations; this is, an abſurd cuſtom of employing ridicule in converſation. Thoſe perſons who uſe it, when they have once ſtarted a conceit, will ſometimes purſue it for hours at the expence of ſome one or another in company. As this conduct tends to interrupt the agreement of the company, I think that theſe gentlemen would have no cauſe for complaint, if any one ſhould think fit to call them "to order." This paſſion for exciting mirth at the expence of an individual, ſometimes proceeds from mere emptineſs, ſometimes from a deſire of paſſing for a wit, but in both caſes it is equally culpable; and though we may admire the man who practiſes it, for the brilliancy of his parts, yet we can never ſincerely eſteem him in the character of a friend. C.

E R R A T A.

At the 62d line of the Meddler, No. 2, place the firſt comma after the word "eſpecially;" *and eraſe the word* "and" *from the 63d line.*

*** The members of the FIRST VOLUNTEER COMPANY of Annapolis, are requeſted to attend, on Saturday next, at 3 o'clock, in complete uniform; thoſe who have not the uniform are requeſted to attend at Mr. Mann's, at 7 o'clock that ſame day, as buſineſs will be before the company.

JOHN GWINN, Capt.

By direction of the will of NICHOLAS WATKINS, deceaſed, will be OFFERED, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Friday the 20th inſtant, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, on the premiſes,

ALL that valuable tract of LAND, near Rawlings's tavern, lying on the road from Annapolis to Upper Marlborough, containing about [illegible] acres; the ſoil is fertile, and well adapted to planting and farming, has a ſufficiency of timber, meadow land, (ſome of which is in graſs) and fruit trees for its ſupport.

Alſo, on the ſame day will be offered for ſale, a parcel of likely negroes, conſiſting of men, women, boys and girls, the ſtock of all kinds, conſiſting of horſes, cattle, ſheep and hogs, among which is a fine ſaddle horſe, a mare in foal by High Flyer, and three yoke of oxen, all the plantation utenſils, ſome corn, a ſean and ropes, and many other articles too tedious to mention. All the creditors are requeſted to attend on the day of ſale. The terms to be made known on the day of ſale.

BENJAMIN WATKINS, Executor.

March 2, 1795.

In virtue of an order from the orphan's court of St. Mary's county, will be EXPOSED, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 28th day of March next, at eleven o'clock, for READY MONEY, at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, at Chaptico,

ONE horſe, one walnut deſk, one pine table, one violin, one razor caſe and razor, one man's ſaddle, one pair of plated ſpurs, two yards of blue broad cloth, a quarter of a yard of ſcarlet ditto, two yards of white tammy, one ſtick of blue twiſt, one man's hat, and other apparel.

J. B. GRINDALL, Adminiſtrator of THOMAS POWER.

February 25, 1795.

All perſons having claims againſt the above eſtate are deſired to make them known on or before the day of ſale, and thoſe indebted are deſired to make immediate payment.

N O T I C E.

WHEREAS Mr. BEN. CHAMBERS, attorney for THO. M. FORMAN, adminiſtrator of col. SAMUEL CHEW, deceaſed, advertiſed in the Maryland Gazette of Thurſday February 19th inſtant, fifty-five NEGROES, late the property of col. S. Chew, to be ſold for caſh, on Wedneſday the twenty-ſecond day of April next, at the houſe of Mr. John Craggs, at South river ferry, near Annapolis; and, whereas the ſubſcriber is intereſted in the adminiſtration of ſaid eſtate, having intermarried with a daughter of the deceaſed, who, by his laſt will, is entitled to a part of his perſonal eſtate, after payment of debts; and, whereas the ſubſcriber is of opinion that ſaid advertiſement is ſubſtantially defective, inaſmuch as it does not ſufficiently particularize certain valuable qualifications which ſome of ſaid negroes *to his knowledge* are poſſeſſed of, and for want of which communication the ſales of ſaid property would be conſiderably injured: In conſideration of the premiſes, be it known, that among the ſaid fifty-five negroes are, two rough carpenters and ſawyers, two ſhoemakers, the one common, the other *a good workman*, a man who was regularly bred as a cook, but has been ſome years out of practice, a good woman cook, and another tolerable one, who can alſo waſh well and take care of a dairy; an excellent female houſe ſervant and ſeamſtreſs, who is complete miſtreſs of her buſineſs; a man (huſband to the laſt mentioned woman) who underſtands the management of a kitchen garden, has acted as a ſkipper of a boat plying from Kent-Iſland to Annapolis, has occaſionally been employed as an houſe ſervant, and can drive a poſt chaiſe; a young woman who is a weaver, and two others who have acted in the capacity of chambermaids, and can waſh well.

BEN. GALLOWAY.

Anne-Arundel county, March 3, 1795.

THE creditors on the eſtate of the late general WILLIAM SMALLWOOD, deceaſed, are requeſted to meet at Port-Tobacco, on Thurſday the 19th of March next, being the firſt Thurſday of Charles county March court, for the purpoſe of petitioning the chancellor for the ſale of ſo much of the real eſtate of the ſaid Smallwood as will ſatisfy the debts remaining due and unſettled by the perſonal eſtate.

February 23, 1795.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of WILLIAM DEVNISH, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment; and thoſe having claims againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, legally atteſted, that they may be ſettled, by

WILLIAM COE, Adminiſtrator.

February 4, 1795.

THE creditors of ADAM AULEN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are requeſted to meet at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, on Saturday the 21ſt day of March next, that they may receive dividends of the deceaſed's eſtate.

JOSEPH HILL, Adminiſtrator.

February 6, 1795.

A valuable Mill and Land for ſale.

On Monday the 20th day of April next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, will be SOLD, on the PREMISES, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

THE valuable MERCHANT MILL, on Magothy river, ſituated at the place called the Narrows, together with [illegible] acres of land contiguous thereto. This property will be ſold on a credit of five years, one fifth part of the purchaſe money, and the intereſt on the whole ſum, to be paid annually. Bonds with ſatisfactory ſecurity muſt be given by the purchaſer.

WALLACE, MUIR, & HARRIS.

Annapolis, February 24, 1795.

To be SOLD, on Friday the 20th of March next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, at the plantation of HENRY O. WELSH, deceaſed, near the Head of South river, in Anne-Arundel county, for CASH only, to ſatisfy the creditors of the deceaſed,

ABOUT twelve valuable NEGROES, conſiſting of men, women, boys and girls, two valuable yoke of oxen, ſome cows and calves.

I once more deſire thoſe who have claims againſt the eſtate to bring them in, legally authenticated, on or before the day of ſale, that they may be paid, and thoſe indebted to ſaid eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment, as longer indulgence cannot be given, by

RICHARD WELSH, Surviving executor of HENRY O. WELSH, deceaſed.

N. B. Sale to begin at 11 o'clock.

For LONDON.

The STRONG and BEAUTIFUL

New SHIP

MONTEZUMA,

THORNDICK CHASE, Maſter,

A conſtant trader,

IS now loading, and will certainly ſail by the firſt of April. About two hundred hogſheads of tobacco are wanted on freight, with liberty of conſignment, or an advance will be made thereon, if addreſſed to JOHN and THATCHER TAYLOR, merchants, LONDON. Apply to Joſeph M'Ceney, at Pig-Point, James Mewburn, Nottingham, or

WILLIAM TAYLOR.

Baltimore, February 15, 1795.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to petition, at April term next, for a commiſſion to mark and bound the ſecond line of a tract of land, lying in Anne-Arundel county, called CLARY'S HOPE, now in the poſſeſſion of Aaron Pariſh, it being contiguous to the land now in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber.

THOMAS NORRIS, of Thomas.

February 23, 1795.

NOTICE.

ALL perſons who have land warrants, directed to the ſurveyor of Anne-Arundel county, are requeſted to lodge them with the ſubſcriber before the 20th day of March next. And all warrants hereafter to be iſſued from the land office, directed to the ſurveyor as aforeſaid, are requeſted to be delivered to the ſubſcriber as ſpeedily as poſſible, otherwiſe he will not deem himſelf liable for their *due execution*.

VACHEL STEVENS, Surveyor Anne-Arundel county.

In CHANCERY, February 21, 1795.

ON application to the chancellor, by a petition in writing, of RICHARD BURGESS, an inſolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of ſundry inſolvent debtors, and offering, agreeably to the ſaid act, to deliver up, to the uſe of his creditors, all his property, real, perſonal or mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a liſt of his creditors, and a ſchedule of his property, ſo far as he can aſcertain on oath, being annexed to the ſaid petition; it is thereupon by the chancellor adjudged and ordered, that the ſaid Richard appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, on the firſt day of April next, for the purpoſe of taking, in the preſence of ſuch of his creditors as ſhall attend in perſon, or by their agents or attornies, the oath by the ſaid act preſcribed for delivering up his property as aforeſaid, and that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors of his application aforeſaid, by cauſing a copy of this order to be inſerted in the Maryland Gazette, at leaſt three weeks ſucceſſively before the firſt of April.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

THERE is at the ſubſcriber's plantation a ſmall bay MARE, thirteen and an half hands high, has a ſmall white on one of her hind feet. The owner, on proving his or her property, and paying charges, may have her again.

February 20, 1795. W. BROGDEN.

THE creditors of THOMAS D. MERRICK, late deceaſed, are requeſted to produce and lodge with PHILIP B. KEY, of the city of Annapolis, as early as poſſible, their reſpective claims, legally authenticated, that the extent of the debts may be known. And all perſons indebted to the eſtate of the deceaſed are requeſted to make immediate payment to Mr. Key, in Annapolis, or the ſubſcribers, living in [illegible] county, otherwiſe ſuits will be commenced without reſpect to perſons.

MARGARET MERRICK, } Adminiſtrators of
IGNATIUS MATTHEWS, } T. D. Merrick.

PROPOSALS,

FOR A NEWS-PAPER.

THE ſubſcribers beg leave to inform their friends, and the public in general, that, having procured the new and elegant apparatus, lately imported from Europe, by Mr. JOHN HAYES, they intend publiſhing a daily news-paper, under the title of

The Baltimore Telegraphe.

It is propoſed to publiſh this paper *every morning*, (Sundays excepted) on a larger and more extenſive ſcale, than any heretofore attempted in the *State of Maryland*. The name will indicate the intention of the editors, that like the *new machine*, lately invented in *France*, it may communicate the *earlieſt* and *moſt intereſting* intelligence.

That this publication may be rendered agreeable to their friends and patrons, the editors beg leave to lay before them an idea of their plan.

I. As it is of great importance to the people, to be regularly informed of the operations of the *general government*, a certain portion of this paper will be appropriated to the debates of *congreſs*, the laws and all intereſting reports proceeding from that body, and from the *officers of ſtate*, ſo as to exhibit a connected view of their deliberations.

II. They will duly notice matters that are intereſting to the *United States*, ſuch as the progreſs of manufactures, agriculture, commercial enterpriſes, uſeful undertakings and inſtitutions, debates and proceedings of the national convention of France, and of the Britiſh parliament, with many other affairs from the moſt accredited foreign prints, which may appear worthy of inſertion.

III. Intereſting foreign and domeſtic publications ſhall be frequently announced, and copious extracts given of their contents, either from the works themſelves, or from the moſt impartial reviewers or critics; their deſign being, not only to render this paper an *early vehicle* of news, but alſo a *magazine* of uſeful and entertaining knowledge.

IV. With reſpect to eſſays of every deſcription, they will be guided by one general rule, founded on the *freedom* of the *preſs*, which they conceive ought only to extend to public characters; and therefore, they particularly oblige themſelves, to reject all pieces which contain invectives againſt private citizens, or reflections that might, in any manner, injure their reputation, or occaſion what is termed a news-paper war.

Theſe general ſketches of their deſign are ſubmitted to the conſideration of the public, from whom they ſolicit that ſupport, which it ſhall be their conſtant ſtudy to merit.

Having been encouraged in this buſineſs, by a very reſpectable number of the inhabitants of this town, they flatter themſelves, that *The Baltimore Telegraphe* will ſoon have a general and extenſive circulation, and thereby become uſeful to merchants, country traders, and others, as an *advertiſing paper*. The elegance and beauty of their type will undoubtedly claim the public approbation; and they are determined to execute all buſineſs intruſted to their care, with neatneſs and accuracy.

The firſt number will be publiſhed early in March, on a ſuper-royal ſheet, the ſize of Mr. BROWN's *Philadelphia Gazette*, at *ſeven dollars* per annum, and regularly forwarded to country ſubſcribers, agreeably to orders, with all poſſible expedition and care.

The ſituation of public affairs, both in *Europe* and *America*, renders the preſent period truly intereſting to every *freeman*; we therefore preſume, that a publication intended for the ſupport of *republican principles*, which may contain a judicious ſelection of the moſt important events, cannot fail of being very acceptable to our fellow-citizens.

Handbills, cards, blanks, circular letters, &c. printed on the ſhorteſt notice, at the *new printing-office*, Baltimore, by

CLAYLAND, DOBBIN, & CO.

Baltimore, January 19, 1795.

☞ SUBSCRIPTIONS are received by Mr. Perant, printer, Philadelphia; Meſſrs. S. and J. Adams, printers, and Mr. Samuel Burnes, poſtmaſter, Wilmington; David Smith, Eſq; Elkton; Mr. Samuel Smith, merchant, Havre-de-Grace; Mr. Abraham Crapſter, merchant, Liberty-town; Mr. William Spurrier, Elk-Ridge; Mr. Bartgis, and Meſſrs. Winter and Carey, printers, Frederick-town; Meſſrs. Frederick and Samuel Green, printers, Annapolis; Meſſrs. Hanſon and Prieſtley, printers, George-town; Mr. Archibald Dobbin, merchant, Alexandria; Meſſrs. Buchanan and Clayland, merchants, and Mr. James Cowan, printer, Eaſton; Mr. John Clayland, merchant, Greenſburgh; Mr. James Clayland, junr. merchant, Centreville; Robert Wright, Eſq; Cheſter-town; and at the book ſtores of Meſſrs. Hagerty, Rice, Clarke and Keddie, Keatinge, Cole, Thomas, Andrews and Butler, and by the publiſhers, in Baltimore.

WANTED, to take the command of an elegant finiſhed PLEASURE BOAT, about the laſt of March next, (or ſooner if application is made before that date) a ſober, civil, induſtrious, and honeſt ſingle man, perfectly acquainted with the management of a bay veſſel, the waters of the Cheſapeake and the ſeveral rivers and harbours thereof, and if he underſtands navigation it will be a further recommendation. To ſuch a perſon, (provided he comes well recommended as to the above qualifications,) will be given the firſt encouragement as to wages, and to engage either by the year or half year, as the parties may agree on.

EDWARD LLOYD.

Wye river, January 10, 1795.

Forty Dollars Reward.

Hockely Works, January 22, 1795.

RAN away from the Hockely Works, in the night of the 21ſt inſtant, two negro men, one named JOHN, about 32 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well made, middling black, and is of a dark, ſtubborn countenance; had on when he went off, a new felt hat, fearnought jacket, and negro cotton under jacket and breeches, white ſtockings, and ſhoes with nails in them. The other, a mulatto, named OSBORN, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, ſlender made, has a cheerful countenance, very talkative, and can read and write; had on a new felt hat, dark drab jacket, a cotton under jacket, dark brown kerſey trouſers, almoſt new. One of the above negroes was lately the property of governor STONE, the other lately the property of Mr. JOHN SHAW, cabinet-maker in Annapolis. Whoever takes up the ſaid negroes, and confines them ſo that the ſubſcriber gets them again, ſhall receive, if taken within five miles FIVE DOLLARS, if ten miles TEN DOLLARS, if twenty miles TWENTY DOLLARS, if forty miles the above reward, or for each TWENTY DOLLARS, and reaſonable travelling expences if brought home, paid by

JOHN WRIGHT, or
Mr. CHRISTOPHER JOHNSON,
Baltimore.

RAN AWAY on the ſecond inſtant, a negro man named DANIEL, thirty years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, ſtoops in his walking, and is very pert in his manner of ſpeaking; his legs are remarkable ſmall, and feet very long and narrow for one of his ſize; his wool is ſhort; had on when he made his eſcape a round hat, painted or tarred, a ſhort fearnough grey waiſtcoat, a pair of brown breeches, new yellow ſhoes, and a pair of white yarn ſtockings. He is artful and an old offender, having been two years ago on a trip of the kind, and then taken at Mr. Johnſon's, near Elk-Ridge Landing, and committed to the gaol of Baltimore-town. It is expected that he will aſſume the Butler name, or ſome other family of negroes, who, within a few years, recovered their freedom, and will endeavour to paſs as ſuch. A reward of TWENTY DOLLARS will be paid for taking him, ſo that he be had again, if thirty miles from home, or FIVE POUNDS, if taken a leſs diſtance, or in the neighbourhood.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

January 5, 1795.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD at this PRINTING-OFFICE,

STUEBEN's

MILITARY EXERCISE.

TO WHICH IS ADDED,

THE ACT TO REGULATE AND DISCIPLINE THE MILITIA OF THIS STATE.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living at the lower ferry of Patapſco, ſome time in June paſt, a bright mulatto man named GEORGE, about twenty years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, with long buſhy wool, he is very fond of ſtrong drink, and when in liquor is very talkative; his cloathing is unknown; he has rowed in the ferry boat at the lower ferry of Patapſco theſe five or ſix years, and is known by a great number of people that have croſſed that ferry. Whoever takes up ſaid runaway, and ſecures him in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive SIX DOLLARS REWARD, and if brought home all reaſonable charges, by

ANNE MERCER, Adminiſtratrix of PEREGRINE MERCER, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed.

July 15, 1794.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, on Tueſday the 22d of July, a negro man named NED, of a very black complexion, twenty-eight years of age, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, he has loſt two of his upper fore teeth; had on and took with him a mixed coloured broad cloth coat, a pair of green cotton trouſers, a pair of green breeches, a white cotton jacket, a white linen ſhirt, and many other cloaths not ſufficiently known to be deſcribed. Whoever apprehends the ſaid fellow and ſecures him, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive a reward of TEN DOLLARS, and if the diſtance exceeds twenty miles TWENTY DOLLARS, and all reaſonable expences, if brought home.

EDWARD HENRY CALVERT.

CASH given for Clean Linen and Cotton RAGS, At the Printing-Office.

W A N T E D,

A MULATTO YOUTH, from ſeventeen to twenty years of age. A generous price will be given for one who can be well recommended for honeſty and ſobriety. Inquire of the PRINTERS.

On Wedneſday the twenty-ſecond day of April next, and the next ſucceeding days, will be SOLD, for CASH, at the houſe of Mr. JOHN CRAGGS, at South-river ferry, near Annapolis,

FIFTY-FIVE NEGROES, late the property of colonel Samuel Chew, among which are a number of fine young healthy negroes of both ſexes; ſome of thoſe negroes have been occaſionally employed as houſe ſervants, but generally have been brought up to farming buſineſs, and ſome of the men hands are exceeding good farmers. Some of the men and women are married; in thoſe caſes the huſband, wife, and ſmall children, if any, will be ſold together; and ſome of the women who have young children, and have not huſbands in the family, will have their ſmall children ſold with them. It is probable that any perſon wanting to buy negroes for their own uſe may ſuit themſelves at this ſale.

BEN. CHAMBERS, Attorney for
THO. M. FORMAN, adminiſtrator
of col. Sam. Chew, deceaſed.

In purſuance of a deed of truſt from BENJAMIN CAWOOD to the ſubſcriber, dated the 28th of April, 1792, for ſecuring part payment of a debt due to him, by ſaid Cawood, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, for READY MONEY, on Monday the 16th of March current, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, at BARTHOLOMEW CARRICOE's tavern, in Charles county, about three miles below Piſcataway, on the road leading from thence to Bryan-town and Port-Tobacco,

SIXTEEN likely NEGROES, conſiſting of men, women, boys and girls, ſtock of different kinds, ſome houſehold furniture; and many other articles too tedious to mention. The ſale will commence at 11 o'clock, and will be continued the next day, if neceſſary.

N. BLACKLOCK.

February 10, 1795.

N. B. On the ſame day, I ſhall expoſe to ſale, on a long credit, ten or twelve likely negroes of my own property. The particular terms of the ſale will at that time be made known. N. B.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery will be OFFERED, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, for the benefit of RICHARD D. HALL, WILLIAM HALL, BARUCH HALL, ANNE HALL, JACOB HALL, EDWARD HALL, THOMAS HALL, and MARTHA HALL, deviſees of WILLIAM HALL, deceaſed, on Saturday the 14th day of March next, at the houſe of SOLOMON SPARROW, in Queen-Anne, the following parcels of LAND, late the reſidence of Mrs. REBECCA HALL, deceaſed, to wit:

PART of PARROTT's MANOR, part of AMPLE GRANGE, and part of FRY's CHOICE, containing in the whole about 340 acres; theſe lands lie on Patuxent river, near the Governor's Bridge; the ſoil is fertile and well adapted to planting and farming, has a ſufficiency of timber for its ſupport, with meadows, fruit trees, and the advantage of a good mill-ſeat. The improvements are, a good dwelling houſe, with two rooms below and two above ſtairs, a ſtone kitchen and negro quarters, a meat houſe, milk houſe, cellar houſe, carriage houſe, poultry houſes, corn houſe, a ſmall barn, and two tobacco houſes, all in good repair. The purchaſer to give bond, with approved ſecurity, bearing intereſt from the day of ſale, one half payable in twelve months, the other half in two years, when a deed will be given.

THOMAS DUCKETT, Truſtee.

Prince-George's county, February 17, 1795.

The ſubſcriber being appointed by the honourable the chancellor of Maryland truſtee for ſelling the real eſtate of THOMAS MARRIOTT, deceaſed, for the purpoſe of diſcharging his juſt debts, hereby gives notice, that on Monday the 23d day of March next, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on the PREMISES, at 12 o'clock, in the forenoon,

THE late dwelling PLANTATION of the ſaid Thomas Marriott, containing 113 acres of land, more or leſs. This land is ſituated on the Head of Severn, within four miles of the Indian Landing, and twelve of the city of Annapolis, the principal part of which is cleared, and well adapted to the cultivation of wheat and tobacco. The improvements on it conſiſt of a good framed dwelling houſe, kitchen, tobacco houſe, corn houſe, and other out houſes. It has likewiſe an excellent apple and peach orchard. The terms of ſale are, for the purchaſer or purchaſers to give bond, with *approved* ſecurity, for the payment of the purchaſe money, with intereſt, within one year from the time of ſale.

All perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of the ſaid Thomas Marriott, are requeſted to exhibit them, with the vouchers thereof, to the chancellor, within ſix months from this date.

H. WARFIELD, Truſtee.

Annapolis, February 17, 1795.

FOR SALE.

Will be SOLD, on Thurſday the 19th day of March next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, at the dwelling of SOLOMON GROVES, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed,

EIGHT valuable negroes, horſes, cattle, hogs, ſheep and goats, the houſehold furniture and plantation utenſils. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale.

JOHN GROVES, Adminiſtrator.

Anne-Arundel county, February 12, 1795.

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the Chancellor of the ſtate of Maryland, agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of col. JOHN WEEMS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, the ſubſcribers will OFFER, at PUBLIC SALE, on the PREMISES, on the eighteenth day of March next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day thereafter, at twelve o'clock,

THE following valuable tracts or parcels of LAND, lying in the county aforeſaid, and within about a mile of Herring Creek church, viz. all the ſaid John Weems's part of a tract of land called LORDSHIP's BOUNTY, containing 101 acres, alſo all his part of three other tracts called BURRAGE, BURRAGE's BLOSSOM and BURRAGE's END, containing 200 acres, all of which lay adjacent to each other, and in good form; the improvements are, ſeveral good negro quarters, a corn houſe and a tobacco houſe almoſt new, and two valuable apple orchards of excellent fruit. The above lands abound with wood and timber. Alſo, all his, the ſaid John Weems's, other two tracts or parcels of land, on Herring Creek, lying within a quarter of a mile of the lands aforeſaid, viz. DIANA BEAVER DAMS, containing 157$\frac{1}{4}$ acres, and PADGET, containing 200 acres, both of which lay directly adjacent, and almoſt in a ſquare, having a ſufficiency of meadow land to make it a beautiful farm; the improvements are, a ſmall dwelling houſe, two tobacco houſes, ſome negro quarters, and a good granary directly on navigable water, capable of receiving any kind of produce, about 40 buſhels of wheat ſowed on the ſaid land, and under good repair. All the above mentioned lands are deemed equal to any land in Anne-Arundel county, about ſixteen miles from the city of Annapolis, and about ſix or ſeven hours run by water to Baltimore-town. The above lands will be ſold altogether or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. The terms of ſale are, that the purchaſer or purchaſers of the ſaid land give bond, on intereſt, with approved ſecurity, to the ſubſcribers, as truſtees, for the payment of the purchaſe money, and intereſt thereon, within fifteen months from the day of ſale. The lands not to be conveyed until the ſale ſhall be confirmed by the chancellor, and the purchaſe money, together with the intereſt, ſhall be fully diſcharged. The creditors of the ſaid col. John Weems, deceaſed, are requeſted to lodge their claims, legally authenticated, with the chancellor, on or before the eighteenth day of September next.

MARY WEEMS,
ALEXANDER M'PHERSON, } Truſtees.

February 11, 1795.

To be SOLD, for READY MONEY, at VENDUE, on Monday the 23d day of March, if fair, if not on the firſt fair day, at the houſe of Mr. SAMUEL LANE, near Pig-Point,

ABOUT thirty valuable NEGROES, among which are many young men and boys, and ſeveral valuable houſehold ſervants; alſo a variety of mahogany and other houſehold furniture, plantation utenſils, horſes, cattle, hogs and ſheep.

In CHANCERY, February 18, 1795.

Frederick Berger, *vs.* *Henry Shaver, and others.* } THE object of the bill is to obtain a decree for veſting a complete legal title in the complainant to a tract of land called CUT-KNEE, 75 acres, in Frederick county, which Henry Shaver, deceaſed, father of Henry Shaver the defendant, heretofore contracted to unto the complainant in fee; the complainant ſtates, and ſo it appears from affidavit, that the ſaid defendant hath removed from and is out of the the ſtate; It is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the complainant cauſe a copy of this order to be inſerted at leaſt four weeks ſucceſſively in the Maryland Gazette, before the firſt day of April next, to the intent that the ſaid Henry Shaver may have notice of his the ſaid Berger's application to this court, and may be warned to appear here on or before the fourth Tueſday of May next, to ſhew cauſe (if any there be) wherefore a decree ſhould not be paſſed agreeably to the prayer of the bill.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, February 13, 1795.

ORDERED, On the application of the truſtee of STEPHEN STEWARD, of Anne-Arundel county, that the firſt day of May next be limitted and appointed for the creditors of the ſaid Stephen to bring in and declare their reſpective claims to the ſaid truſtee, that the ſame may be on that day liquidated and adjuſted, and it is ordered, that four weeks notice thereof be publiſhed in Edwards and Co. news-paper, and in the Maryland Gazette.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, at Weſt river, a negro man named TOBY, about 45 years old, ſix feet high, and very raw boned, by trade a rough carpenter and ſawyer; he had on when he went away a grey fearnothing over jacket, and an old under one of the ſame kind of cloth, white cotton overalls, yarn ſtockings, and ſtrong ſhoes, with hob nails in the ſoles and nails with large broad flat heads in the heels, and an old coarſe hat; he took with him a large match coat blanket, almoſt new, with two or three large ſpots of tar on it, and two brown linen ſhirts very little worn. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid negro, ſo that his maſter gets him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and if brought home, all reaſonable charges, paid by

JAMES CHESTON.

Weſt river, February 12, 1795.

In CHANCERY, February [illegible], 1795.

ON application to the Chancellor, by a petition, in writing, of JOHN ADDISON, an inſolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of ſundry inſolvent debtors, and offering, agreeably to the ſaid act, to deliver up, to the [illegible] of his creditors, all his property, real, perſonal, or mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a liſt of his creditors, and a ſchedule of his property, ſo far as he can aſcertain, on oath, being annexed to the ſaid petition; it is thereupon by the chancellor adjudged and ordered, that the ſaid John Addiſon appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, on the ſecond day of April next, for the purpoſe of taking, in the preſence of ſuch of his creditors as ſhall attend in perſon, or by their agents or attornies, the oath by the ſaid act preſcribed for delivering up his property as aforeſaid, and that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors of his application, by cauſing a copy of this order to be inſerted in the Maryland Gazette, on or before the laſt day of this month, and continued therein the three following weeks.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given, that whereas the ſubſcriber, being ſeized of a parcel of land, lying and being in Calvert county, compoſed of parts of the following tracts, viz. BROOKE ADVENTURE, CEDAR BRANCH, ARNOLD's PURCHASE, and BOWEN, means to petition the next county court for a commiſſion to mark and bound the ſame, and the ſeveral tracts of parts of which it is conſtituted, agreeably to the act of aſſembly in ſuch caſes made and provided.

JAMES GRAY.

February 3, 1795.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to apply to the court for Anne-Arundel county, at the enſuing April term, for a commiſſion to mark and bound a tract of land in ſaid county, called THE LEVEL, and alſo to mark and bound that part of THE LEVEL belonging to him, according to the proviſions of the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

Annapolis, January 27, 1795.

STATE of DELAWARE, ſſ.

BY virtue of an order of the orphans court, held at Dover, in and for the county of Kent, on the tenth day of December, Anno Domini one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-four, will be EXPOSED to SALE, by way of PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the fourth day of May next, on the premiſes,

ALL that tract or parcel of land, ſituate in Murderkill hundred, in the county aforeſaid; containing in the whole about one thouſand five hundred acres, being the property of BENEDICT BRICE, deceaſed, at the time of his death, and to be ſold for the payment of his debts. For the accommodation of thoſe who may incline to purchaſe, the ſaid land will be laid off in three diviſions, with a ſufficient quantity of woodland to each diviſion; the terms of ſale to be as follow, one third of the purchaſe money to be paid in one year from the day of ſale, one third in two years, and the remaining third in three years, with intereſt, on the reſpective payments from the day of ſale. Attendance will be given, and further particulars made known, by

MARY COOK, adminiſtratix
of the ſaid deceaſed.

By order of the court,
SIPPLE WHARTON, Clk.

December 10, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to make application to the juſtices of Anne-Arundel county, at their next April court, to grant a commiſſion to mark and bound part of three tracts of land, called IIAMS's PURCHASE, IIAMS's LAST PURCHASE, and BURGESS's CHOICE, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, agreeably to an act of aſſembly for marking and bounding lands.

WILLIAM CHAPMAN.

January 26, 1795.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcribers intend to petition the court of Anne-Arundel county, for a commiſſion to mark and bound the following tracts of land, viz. HOCKLEY, FOSTER's FANCY, BARREN HILLS, ADDITION TO TIMBER RIDGE, BELT's POINT, MACCUBBIN's DISCOVERY, TIMBER RIDGE, and POLE-CAT FOREST, agreeably to the act of aſſembly for marking and bounding lands.

CHARLES CARROLL, of Carrollton,
DANIEL CARROLL, of Duddington,
CHRISTOPHER JOHNSON.

February 7, 1795.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be ſold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar,

The LAWS
OF
MARYLAND,
Paſſed November Seſſion, 1794.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.